

HoLEP - Laser prostate treatment

As we age, it's common for many men to experience changes in their body, such as a swollen or enlarged prostate. Whilst some may not experience symptoms as a result of this, in some cases an enlarged prostate can place pressure on the urinary system and block the urethra, causing problems with passing urine.

If you have been experiencing difficulties passing urine, including frequent urination or changes to your urinary stream, your Consultant may recommend HoLEP to ease your symptoms.

Using state-of-the-art technology for a minimally invasive procedure

A holmium laser enucleation of the prostate (HoLEP) is a minimally invasive procedure to remove parts of the prostate that obstruct the urethra. Utilising the benefits of state-of-the-art technology, HoLEP requires a shorter recovery period and has a reduced risk of bleeding compared to alternative procedures.

The first step is to book a consultation with one of our specialists to discuss your symptoms and medical history. Your Consultant may need to carry out a prostate examination before recommending your options for treatment.

Prices & payment

We offer a guide price of:

HoLEP
£6,720

The guide price is based on the usual clinical needs of patients. For more information, please see our [terms and conditions](#).

Personal medical loans

Payment to suit you with 0% and fixed rate interest options.

Following an appointment with your Consultant, you can apply for a loan to cover the cost of your treatment. With interest free finance at Representative 0% APR (fixed) along with longer term fixed rate loans, there is an option for everyone.

Consultants



Mr Mark Cynk



Mr Thomas Smith

FAQs

What does a HoLEP procedure involve?

Before your procedure, you will be asked to have no food for six hours and no drinks for four hours prior. The operation can be performed under general or spinal anaesthetic, the details of which will be discussed with you beforehand.

The operation takes approximately an hour, although this may be longer dependent on the condition of your prostate. Your Consultant will advise you of this before the procedure, so you know what to expect.

Using a laser, your Consultant will shell out the obstructing prostate tissue so that it moves into the bladder and then remove it with an instrument. A catheter will be left in place through the penis overnight to drain the bladder and is generally removed the morning after the procedure. You might need to go home with a catheter and return to hospital to have it removed a few days later. If this is required, our nurses will teach you how to look after the catheter at home.

Afterwards, patients have an intravenous infusion (drip), but you will be able to drink and eat on the evening of the operation. The drip is usually discontinued once normal eating and

drinking is established.

Will it hurt?

Most patients experience some discomfort with the catheter in place, but severe pain is rare. Some patients experience bladder spasms with the catheter, and medication is available to control these.

Will I be able to pass urine normally?

Once the catheter is removed, most patients find that they do not get much warning about the need to pass urine, and it may be frequent. Often the flow is also relatively poor in the early stages as it often takes several weeks to obtain the full benefit from the procedure. Nonetheless, most patients are able to empty the bladder satisfactorily enough to go home by the afternoon of the first postoperative day.

Although the procedure does not harm the sphincter muscles which keep us dry, these can become a little bruised and some patients will experience temporary urine leakage in the very early stages of the recovery. This will improve, and the risks of permanent leakage are very low indeed (<1%).

What is the recovery period?

You will be asked to wear compression stockings until you are fully mobile after the HoLEP procedure, which helps to reduce the risks of deep vein thrombosis.

You should avoid heavy lifting, intensive exercise or sport or straining to empty the bladder for the first two weeks following your procedure, but gentle exercise is encouraged. Your Consultant will be able to advise you around going back to work or driving again.

Will there be any side effects or complications?

You may experience heightened frequency, urgency or poor flow to begin with, and it is likely you will notice blood in your urine after around two weeks but don't worry, this is quite normal as this will just be the internal scab coming away.

Other complications that may occur as a result of the procedure include dry ejaculation (retrograde ejaculation) which, whilst not harmful, can reduce your fertility.



The risk of urethral scarring, sphincter muscle or bladder damage is very low with this procedure, although can occur in some instances. Your Consultant will advise you of any possible complications ahead of the procedure.